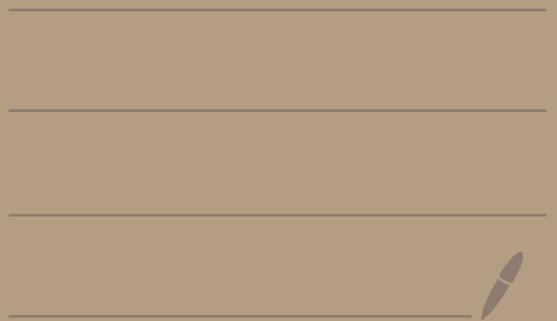


Neutrino Physics Course

Lecture XVI

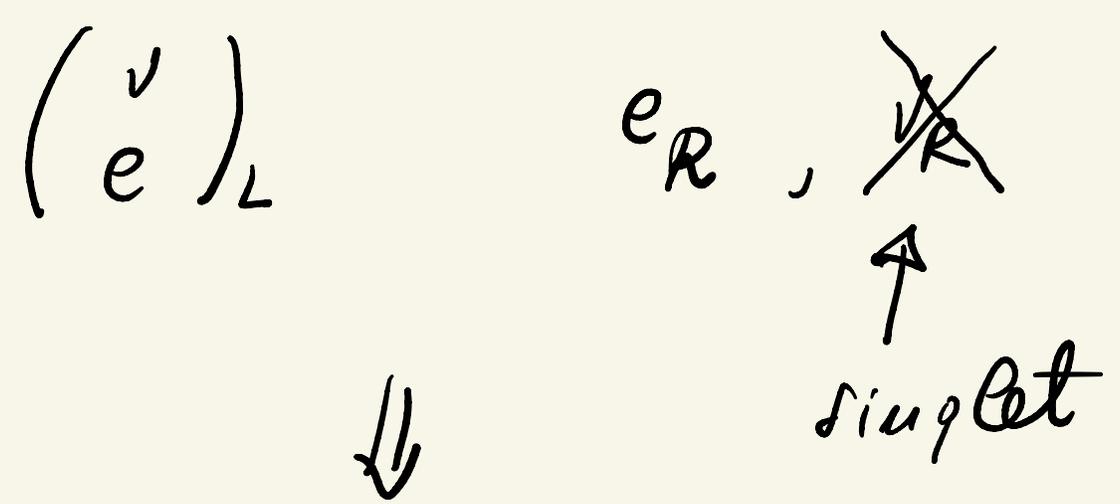
4/6/2021



Neutrino mass and parity

$m_\nu = 0 ?$

$G_{SM} = SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$



- ~~$m_D \bar{\nu}_L \nu_R$~~
- ~~$m_\nu^\mu \nu_L^T \epsilon \nu_L \oplus$ gauge invar.~~

However, charged fermions

⇔ violates

$$\begin{aligned}
 M_{u,d} &= Y_{u,d} \mathcal{Q} \\
 &= U_{L,u,d}^+ \underbrace{M_{u,d}}_{\text{diagonal}} U_{R,u,d}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$(A_\mu, \underline{Z}_\mu) \rightarrow \text{diagonal}$$

no flavor violation in
 neutral currents (tree)!

$$\Rightarrow h \frac{m_f}{M_W} \frac{g}{2} \bar{f} f \leftarrow \text{diagonal}$$

• Why flows violation?

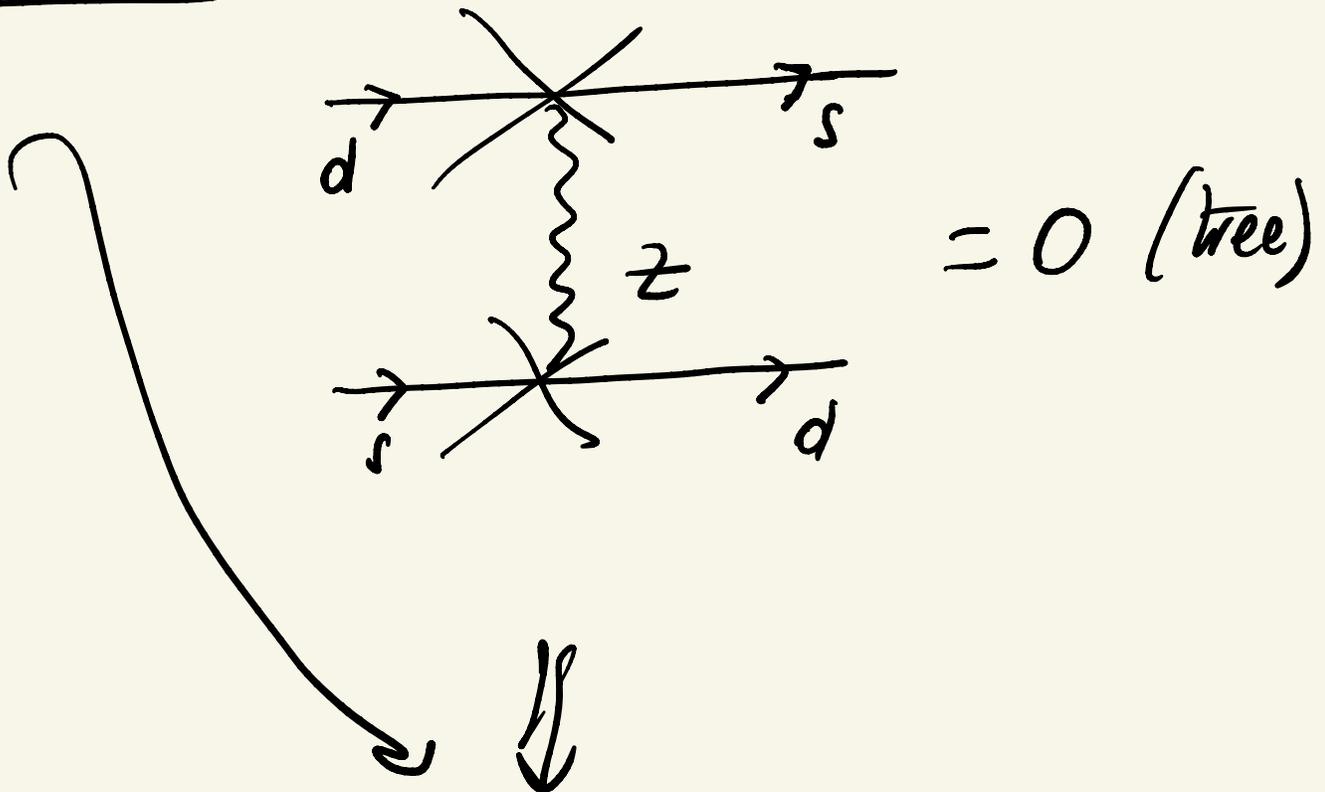
$$\mathcal{L}_{int} = \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} W_{\mu}^{+} (\bar{u} \bar{c} \bar{t}) \gamma^{\mu} V_{\ell} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \\ b \end{pmatrix} / 2$$

//

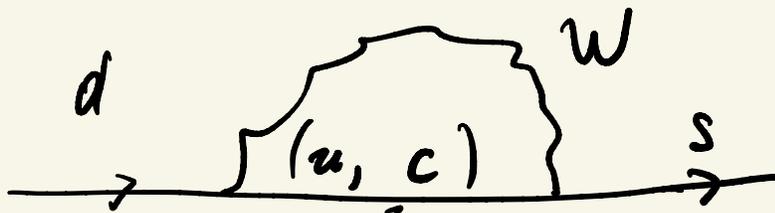
$$V_{\ell} \equiv U_{lu}^{+} U_{ld}$$

$$V_{CKM} \neq \mathbb{1}$$

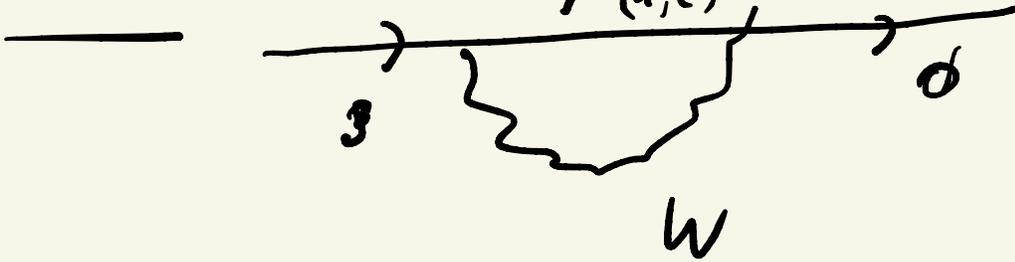
loops



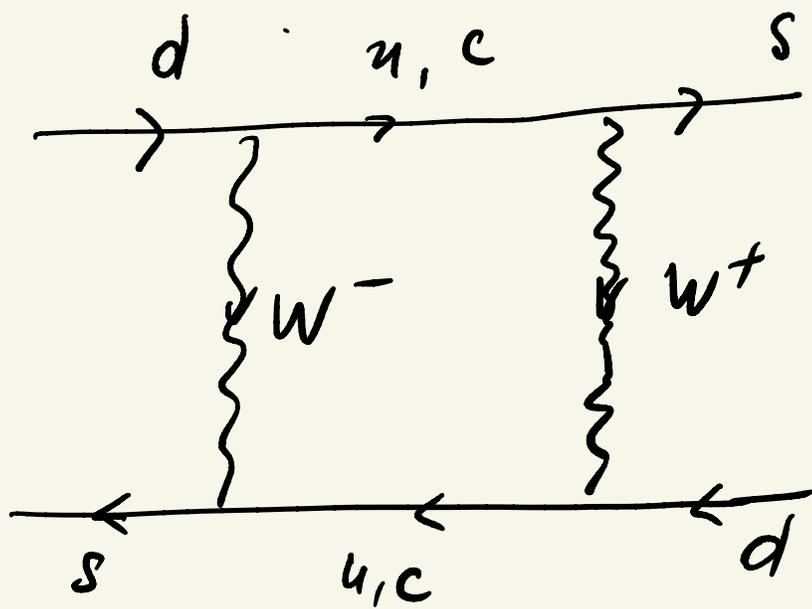
$\mu_g = 2$



2-loop



1 loop: $u-\bar{u}$ mixing ug ($d\bar{s} \rightarrow s\bar{d}$)



6/14

Glauber
 Iliopoulos
 Maiani '69



lazy person's approach

$$\Delta I = 2$$

$$H_{\text{eff}} = \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \sin^2 \theta_c$$

Δu^2

$$\bar{s} \gamma_\mu L d \bar{s} \gamma^\mu L d$$

6/14

$d=6$

$$K_0 \leftrightarrow \bar{K}_0$$

CP

$$K^+ \leftrightarrow K^-$$

$$K^0 \leftrightarrow \bar{K}^0$$

$$\underline{CP} \Rightarrow K^+ = \frac{K_0 + \bar{K}_0}{\sqrt{2}} \quad (\rightarrow K^+)$$

$$K^- = \frac{K_0 - \bar{K}_0}{\sqrt{2}} \quad (\rightarrow -K^-)$$

$$K^+ = u \bar{s}$$

$$K^0 = d \bar{s}$$

$$K^- = \bar{u} s$$

$$\bar{K}^0 = \bar{d} s$$

$$M_{\nu\bar{\nu}} = \begin{pmatrix} h^0 & M_{\nu} \\ h^0 & \delta m_{\nu} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \delta m_{\nu} \\ M_{\nu} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$h^+ = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$



$$h^- = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$M_{\nu\bar{\nu}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} m_+ \\ m_+ + \delta m_{\nu} \end{pmatrix}}_{m_+} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M_{\nu\bar{\nu}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} m_- \\ m_- - \delta m_{\nu} \end{pmatrix}}_{m_-} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{m_+ - m_-}{m_+ + m_-} = \boxed{\frac{\delta m_{\nu}}{m_{\nu}}} \approx \underline{\underline{10^{-14}!}}$$

$$m_+ \approx m_- \approx 100 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\frac{J_{\mu\mu}^{\text{SM}}}{m_\mu} = \langle h^0 | \mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}} | h^0 \rangle \frac{1}{m_\mu}$$

$$= \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2} m_\mu} \left(\frac{2}{4\pi} \right) \underbrace{\langle h^0 | (\bar{s} \gamma^\mu L d)^2 | h^0 \rangle}_{M_{d,s} = 0}$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$= \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{2}{4\pi} \right) m_W^3 / m_\mu$$

$$= 10^{-5} \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot 10^{-2} \approx 10^{-10}$$

SM prediction

but,

I forgot the mixing!

$$V_e \equiv \bar{V}_{c u M} = \bar{V}_c = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_c & \sin \theta_c \\ -\sin \theta_c & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\bar{u} \gamma^\mu d \cos \theta_c + \bar{u} \gamma^\mu s \sin \theta_c$$

$$\bar{c} \gamma^\mu d (-\sin \theta_c) + \bar{c} \gamma^\mu s \cos \theta_c$$

$$\left(\sin^2 \theta_c \approx \left(\frac{1}{10} \right)^2 \approx \frac{1}{100} \right)$$

still off by $1/10^3$!

dispersion about flavor

$$P(\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_\mu) = \sin^2 2\theta \sin^2 \frac{\Delta m^2 L}{4E}$$

$$\nu_e = \cos\theta \nu_1 + \sin\theta \nu_2$$
$$\nu_\mu = -\sin\theta \nu_1 + \cos\theta \nu_2$$

→ $\theta_{max} = 45^\circ$

Oscillation \Leftrightarrow

$\theta \neq 0$

$\Delta m^2 \neq 0$

Flavor violation $\Leftrightarrow \Delta m^2 \neq 0$



$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}}^{\Delta S=2} = \frac{6F}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \sin^2 \theta_c$$

$$\frac{m_c^2 - m_u^2}{-M_W^2}$$

$\bar{s} \gamma^\mu d \quad \bar{s} \gamma_\mu d$

dimensional
argument

$$\underline{M}_f = U_{L f}^\dagger \underbrace{M_f (d_f)}_{\text{diagonal}} U_{R f}$$



$$f \Rightarrow u: \quad M_u = \begin{pmatrix} m_u & 0 \\ 0 & m_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\delta m = 0 \Rightarrow m_u = m_0 \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

($m_c = m_u$)

$$\Downarrow = m_0 \mathbb{1}$$

$$V^\dagger M_u V = m_0 V^\dagger \mathbb{1} V$$

$$V^\dagger V = 1$$

$$\Downarrow$$

$$V^\dagger M_u V = m_0 \mathbb{1} = m_u$$

$$M_u = U_{L,u}^\dagger M_u U_{L,R}$$

$$= U_{L,u}^\dagger V^\dagger M_u V U_{L,R}$$

$$U_{Lu} \rightarrow V U_{Lu} = \mathbb{1}$$

$$U_{Ru} \rightarrow V U_{Ru}$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{V = U_{Lu}^\dagger}$$

or better:

$$V_c = U_{Lu}^\dagger U_{Ld} \rightarrow U_{Lu}^\dagger V^\dagger U_{Ld}$$

choose: $V = U_{Ld} U_{Lu}$

$$V_c \rightarrow U_{Lu}^\dagger U_{Ld} U_{Ld}^\dagger U_{Lu} \\ = \mathbb{1}$$

$$\text{if } \Delta m_u = 0 \Rightarrow V_c = 1$$



$$m_u \approx 0 (\text{MeV}) = 0$$

$$H_{\text{eff}}^{\Delta J=2} = \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{\alpha}{4\pi} \sin^2 \theta_c \frac{m_c^2}{M_W^2} (\bar{s} \gamma_\mu l d)^c$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{10^{-11}}$



$$\left(\frac{m_c}{M_W} \right)^3 \approx 10^{-3}$$



$$m_c \approx 3 \text{ GeV}$$

6/14

Gaillard, Lee '74

$$m_c = 1.5 \text{ GeV}$$

Conclusion:

ρ maximal \Rightarrow

Higgs theory of the
origin of mass

Imagure

$$P = \text{good}$$



$$G_{SM} = SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$$



$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_L \longleftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_R$$

$$\Downarrow \quad \begin{matrix} Y_L = Y_R \\ Q_L = Q_R \end{matrix} \iff$$

$$"L_y" = (\bar{u} \bar{d})_L \quad M \quad \begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_R + h.c.$$

$$\uparrow \\ SU(2)_L \times U(1) \text{ triplet}$$



$$M_u = M_d$$

↓

$$\begin{aligned} m_u &= m_d \\ U_{L,R}^u &= U_{L,R}^d \Rightarrow V_{CKM} = 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$M_W = M_Z = 0 \Rightarrow \text{need Higgs}$$

↓

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_Y + \Delta \mathcal{L}_Y &= (\bar{u} \bar{d})_L M \begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_R \\ &+ (\bar{u} \bar{d})_L \gamma_\tau \Sigma \begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_R \text{ t.h.c.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_{L,R} \rightarrow U \begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_{L,R} \quad \boxed{UU^\dagger = 1}$$

⇓

$$\rightarrow (\bar{u} \bar{d})_L M U^\dagger \underset{V}{U} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_R$$

$$+ (\bar{u} \bar{d})_L \gamma_5 U^\dagger \Sigma' U \begin{pmatrix} u \\ d \end{pmatrix}_R + \text{h.c.}$$

$$U^\dagger U = 1, \quad U^\dagger \Sigma' U = 1$$

⇓

$$\boxed{\Sigma' = U \Sigma U^\dagger} \quad \text{adjoint}$$
$$\boxed{\Sigma^\dagger = \Sigma, \quad T_\nu \Sigma = 0}$$

⇓

$$\Sigma_0 \rightarrow U \Sigma_0 U^\dagger = \text{diag}$$

⇓

$$\boxed{\Sigma_0 = v \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}}$$



$$M_u = M + Y_z \mathcal{L}$$

$$M_d = M - Y_z \mathcal{L}$$

$$M_u \neq M_d$$

neutral int. \Leftrightarrow conserve flavor

flavor sector SM

$$M_f = Y_f \mathcal{L}$$

$\Rightarrow M_f = \text{diagonal} \Leftrightarrow Y_f = \text{diagonal}$



new P cavity SM

$$[Y_z, M_u] = 0 = [Y_z, M_d]$$

\Downarrow

$$[Y_z, M] = 0$$

\Downarrow

$$[M_u, M_d] = 0$$

\Downarrow

$M_u, M_d =$ diagonal
simultaneously

$$U_{Lu} = U_{Ld} \quad , \quad U_{Ru} = U_{Rd}$$

\Downarrow

$$\boxed{V_{\text{cm}} = 1}$$

$$\cdot \Sigma' = \text{adjoint}$$

$$SU(2) \xrightarrow{\Sigma_0} U(1)$$

$$SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \rightarrow U(1)_{T_{32}} \times U(1)_Y$$



$$\boxed{M_Z = 0}$$



new Higgs !

take Φ on top of Σ_1



$$M_W^2 = g^2 [Z_0^2 + \Phi_0^2]$$

$$M_Z^2 = g^2 \Phi_0^2 \quad M_W \neq M_Z$$

Φ - no couples to f



no prediction, except

$$V_{CKM} = 1$$



\mathcal{P} maximal = great
for e, l

\mathcal{P} maximal = failure for v

$$P : \begin{pmatrix} v \\ e \end{pmatrix}_L \leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} v \\ e \end{pmatrix}_R$$

$$v_L \leftrightarrow v_R$$



$$\boxed{\mu_v \neq 0}$$



You need P

You need P ~~excluded~~

